IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

(Currently Amended) A conductive lubricant composition, comprising
a lubricating base oil (A) other than a silicone oil and formed of carbon, hydrogen,
and oxygen, and

0.01 to 10 mass%, based on the total mass of the composition, of a non-metallic antistatic agent (B) selected from the group consisting of an amine derivative, a succinic acid derivative, a poly(oxyalkylene) glycol, and a polyhydric alcohol partial ester, and

at least one friction modifier (C) selected from the group consisting of phosphate esters and amine salts of phosphate ester,

wherein said composition exhibits a kinematic viscosity of 25 mm²/s or less at 40°C, a viscosity index of 100 or higher, a flash point, as determined through the COC method, of 150°C or higher, a pour point of -40°C or lower, and a volume resistivity of $1 \times 10^{10} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ or less at 25°C.

- 2. (Original) A conductive lubricant composition as described in claim 1, which exhibits a kinematic viscosity of 20 mm²/s or less at 40°C.
- 3. (Original) A conductive lubricant composition as described in claim 1, which exhibits a viscosity index of 120 or higher.
 - 4. (Cancelled)
 - 5. (Cancelled)

- 6. (Previously Presented) A conductive lubricant composition as described in claim 1, wherein the lubricating base oil (A) comprises an ester compound.
- 7. (Previously Presented) A conductive lubricant composition as described in claim 6, wherein the ester compound is at least one compound selected from the group consisting of a polyol ester produced through a condensation reaction between a polyhydric alcohol and a fatty acid, a diester produced through a condensation reaction between a dibasic acid and a monohydric alcohol, and a monoester produced through <u>a</u> condensation reaction between a fatty acid and a monohydric alcohol.
- 8. (Previously Presented) A conductive lubricant composition as described in claim 1, wherein the lubricating base oil (A) comprises an ether compound.
- 9. (Previously Presented) A conductive lubricant composition as described in claim 8, wherein the ether compound is a compound represented by formula (I):

$$R^{1}$$
-O- $(R^{2}$ -O)_a- $(R^{3}$ -O)_b- $(R^{4}$ -O)_c- R^{5} (I)

(wherein each of R¹ and R⁵ independently represents hydrogen, a C1-C24 alkyl group, a phenyl group, or a C7-C24 alkylaryl group; each of R², R³, and R⁴ independently represents a C2-C18 alkylene group; each of a, b, and c is independently 0 to 8; the sum of a to c is 0 to 8; and the units (R²-O), (R³-O), and (R⁴-O) may be identical to or different from one another.

10. (Previously Presented) A conductive lubricant composition as described in claim 9, wherein the ether compound is a monoether compound represented by formula (II):

$$R^6$$
-O- R^7 (II)

wherein one of R⁶ and R⁷ is a C1 to C24 alkyl group, and the other is a C1 to C24 alkyl group, a phenyl group, or a C7 to C24 alkylaryl group.

- 11. (Previously Presented) A conductive lubricant composition as described in claim 1, wherein the lubricating base oil (A) is an ether compound and the non-metallic antistatic agent (B) is an amine derivative.
- 12. (Previously Presented) A conductive lubricant composition as described in claim 11, wherein the amine derivative is a condensate produced from tetraethylenepentamine and a fatty acid.
- 13. (Previously Presented) A conductive lubricant composition as described in claim 1, wherein the lubricating base oil (A) further comprises a hydrocarbon compound.
- 14. (Previously Presented) A conductive lubricant composition as described in claim 1, which further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of an antioxidant, an oiliness agent, a friction reducer, a rust preventive, a metal deactivator, a defoaming agent, and a viscosity index improver.
- 15. (Original) A bearing oil comprising a conductive lubricant composition as recited in claim 1.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The conductive lubricant composition according to claim 1, wherein the non-metallic antistatic agent (B) is at least one compound selected from an

amine derivative and succinic acid derivative, the amine derivative being a condensate product of a polyethyleneimine and a fatty acid.

- 17. (Previously Presented) The conductive lubricant composition according to claim 1, wherein the non-metallic antistatic agent (B) is a condensate product from a polyethyleneimine and a fatty acid.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The conductive lubricant composition according to claim 17, wherein the non-metallic antistatic agent (B) is a condensate product of tetraethylenepentamine and stearic acid.
 - 19. (Cancelled)
- 20. (New) The conductive lubricant composition according to claim 1, wherein said at least one friction modifier (C) is at least one selected from the group consisting of compounds of formulae (IV) - (VIII):

$$R^{15}O$$
 $R^{16}O$
 $P = O$
 $R^{17}O$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{15}O \\
\downarrow \\
R^{16}O
\end{array}$$
P=O

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{15}O \longrightarrow P \Longrightarrow O \\
(OH)_2
\end{array} (VI)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{15}O \longrightarrow P \\
R^{16}O \longrightarrow P \\
R^{17}O
\end{array}$$

$$R^{15}O$$
 P
OH

wherein R¹⁵ to R¹⁷, which may be identical to or different from one another, each represents a C4 to C30 alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkylaryl group, or an arylalkyl group.

21. (New) The conductive lubricant composition according to claim 1, wherein said at least one friction modifier (C) is at least one salt selected from the group consisting of amine salts of compounds of formulae (IV) - (VIII):

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{15}O \\
R^{16}O \\
P = O
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
OH \\
R^{15}O \\
R^{16}O
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
P = O \\
(VI)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
(VI)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{15}O \\
R^{16}O
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
P = O \\
(VII)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{15}O \\
R^{16}O
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{15}O \\
R^{16}O
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
P = OH
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
(VIII)
\end{array}$$

wherein R¹⁵ to R¹⁷, which may be identical to or different from one another, each represents a C4 to C30 alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkylaryl group, or an arylalkyl group,

wherein the amine portion of said salts is a compound of the formula (IX):

Application No. 10/551,238

Reply to Office Action of February 3, 2009

$$R^{18}_{p}NH_{3-p}$$
 (IX)

wherein R¹⁸ represents a C3 to C30 alkyl group or alkenyl group, a C6 to C30 aryl group or arylalkyl group, or a C2 to C30 hydroxyalkyl group; p is 1, 2, or 3; when a plurality of R¹⁸s are present they may be identical to or different from one another.

- 22. (New) The conductive lubricant composition according to claim 21, wherein said compound of formula (IX) is selected from the group consisting of butylamine, pentylamine, hexylamine, cyclohexylamine, octylamine, laurylamine, stearylamine, oleylamine, benzylamine, dibutylamine, dipentylamine, dihexylamine, dicyclohexylamine, dioctylamine, dilaurylamine, distearylamine, dioleylamine, dibenzylamine, stearylmonoethanolamine, decylmonoethanolamine, hexylmonopropanolamine, benzylmonoethanolamine, phenylmonoethanolamine, tolylmonopropanol, tributylamine, tripentyl amine, trihexylamine, tricyclohexylamine, trioctylamine, trilaurylamine, tristearylamine, trioleylamine, tribenzylamine, dioleylmonoethanolamine, dilaurylmonopropanolamine, dioctylmonoethanolamine, dihexylmonopropanolamine, dibutylmonopropanolamine, octyldipropanolamine, oleyldiethanolamine, stearyldipropanolamine, lauryldiethanolamine, tolyldipropanolamine, xylyldiethanolamine, triethanolamine, and tripropanolamine.
- 23. (New) The conductive lubricant composition according to claim 1, wherein said at least one friction modifier (C) is selected from the group consisting of triphenyl phosphate, tricresyl phosphate, benzyl diphenyl phosphate, ethyl diphenyl phosphate, tributyl phosphate, ethyl dibutyl phosphate, cresyl diphenyl phosphate, dicresyl phenyl phosphate, ethylphenyl diphenyl phosphate, diethylphenyl phosphate, propylphenyl diphenyl phosphate, dipropylphenyl phosphate, triethylphenyl phosphate, tripropylphenyl phosphate,

Application No. 10/551,238

Reply to Office Action of February 3, 2009

butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate, dibutylphenyl phosphate, tributylphenyl phosphate, trihexyl phosphate, tri(2-ethylhexyl) phosphate, tridecyl phosphate, trilauryl phosphate, trimyristyl phosphate, tripalmityl phosphate, tristearyl phosphate, trioleyl phosphate, 2-ethylhexyl acid phosphate, ethyl acid phosphate, butyl acid phosphate, oleyl acid phosphate, tetracosyl acid phosphate, isodecyl acid phosphate, lauryl acid phosphate, tridecyl acid phosphate, stearly acid phosphate, isostearyl acid phosphate, triethyl phosphite, tributyl phosphite, triphenyl phosphite, tricresyl phosphite, tri(nonylphenyl) phosphite, tri(2-ethylhexyl) phosphite, tridecyl phosphite, trilauryl phosphite, triisooctyl phosphite, diphenyl isodecyl phosphite, tristearyl phosphite, trioleyl phosphite, dibutyl hydrogen phosphite, dilauryl hydrogen phosphite, dioleyl hydrogen phosphite, distearyl hydrogen phosphite, diphenyl hydrogen phosphite, and mixtures thereof.

24. (New) The conductive lubricant composition according to claim 1, wherein said at least one friction modifier (C) is selected from the group consisting of tricresyl phosphate, triphenyl phosphate and mixtures thereof.